

HOW WELL DO YOU KNOW YOUR FIELD SHOOTING RULES?

by Tom Dorigatti, ©2006

Today's shooters are becoming better-rounded with regards to their outdoor shooting. There are numerous venues, from 3-D shooting to IFAA, to FITA, and on to the American NFAA. The multiple-choice quiz below reviews some of the unique differences between the FITA field shooting rules and the NFAA field shooting rules. Place your answer in the blank that is to the right of the question number. The correct answers are at the bottom of the last page of the quiz.

See Page 32 for the Key!

- ____ 1. The maximum difference between the highest and the lowest elevation on a FITA field course should not be more than
a. 1,000 meters c. 100 meters
b. 500 meters d. 10 meters
- ____ 2. The color of the shooting stakes for the Recurve Division and the Compound Division on a FITA field course is
a. red c. black
b. blue d. yellow
- ____ 3. The yellow stakes denote the ____ in the NFAA, while in the FITA field yellow stakes denote ____
a. Animal Round, Cadet Compound Division
b. Youth Division, Cadet Barebow Division
c. Animal Round, Cadet Barebow Division
d. Hunter Round shooting positions, Barebow Division
- ____ 4. The accuracy standard for distance from the shooting peg to the target on a FITA field course for distances of 15-60 meters is
a. ± 2 meters c. ± 25 cm
b. ± 1 meter d. ± 10 cm.
- ____ 5. How far back must the group(s) waiting to shoot on a target remain on a FITA field course?
a. no restriction c. 2 to 3 meters
b. 5 to 10 meters d. one bow length
- ____ 6. The maximum number of arrows shot on each target for an FITA field round is
a. 5 c. 3
b. 4 d. 2
- ____ 7. The maximum draw weight of a compound bow in FITA field competition is
a. 90 pounds c. 65 pounds
b. 80 pounds d. 60 pounds
- ____ 8. The maximum draw weight of a compound bow in NFAA competition is
a. 60 pounds c. 90 pounds
b. 80 pounds d. 100 pounds
- ____ 9. For FITA field shooting in the compound division, the maximum distance that the pressure point can be placed back from the pivot point of the bow is
a. 2 cm. c. 6 cm.
b. 4 cm. d. there is no restriction.
- ____ 10. Which of the following type(s) of sights are not allowed in the compound division of FITA field? (multiple answers allowed)
a. No restriction on sights in the compound division
b. Electric or electronic
c. Fibre optic and/or chemical glowstick
d. Multiple site pins.
- ____ 11. In the Bowhunter Unlimited Freestyle Division of NFAA, which of the following is not permissible?
a. Point weight under 125 grains for men
b. Scopes with lenses.
c. 5 or less fixed site pins.
d. Stabilizer length of 12" or less.
- ____ 12. Which of the following is permissible on a FITA field course?
a. Electronic communication device or headphones on the field course.
b. Equipment modifications that serve the purpose of estimating distance or angles.
c. Written memoranda or electronic storage devices for calculating angles or distances.
d. Notes of the athlete's normal site marks.
e. Mechanical instrument for estimating distances or angles.
- ____ 13. During a FITA field round, the pair with the lowest shooter number will
a. Shoot first on the top targets, lowest shooter number on the left.
b. The group decides who shoots first and upon which target.
c. Have their choice of target and which side to shoot on.
d. Shoot the bottom targets and shoot last on the first target.
- ____ 14. During an NFAA field or hunter round, those archers shooting first will shoot the ____ targets on those with multiple target faces.
a. top c. right
b. left d. bottom

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HOW WELL DO YOU KNOW YOUR FIELD SHOOTING RULES? (CON'T)

& KEY

See Page 20 for the Quiz!

15. When shooting the 20 cm face (smallest target) during a FITA field round, the shooter must shoot the following sequence of their designated target faces:
- Designated row, left to right in order, one arrow in each face
 - Designated row, right to left in order, one arrow in each face
 - Designated column bottom to top, or top to bottom in order, one arrow in each face.
 - Designated row, any order across, and one arrow in each face.
 - Designated column, any order, and one arrow in each face.
16. Red stakes on an NFAA outdoor course are normally shot by which of the following?
- All adult divisions during the Hunter round.
 - All adult divisions during the Field round.
 - All Youth and Young Adult divisions.
 - All Cub divisions.
17. What is the duty of the highest numbered shooter in a group of four on a FITA field course?
- Group leader and serves as deciding judge for the group.
 - Pull the arrows for the group.
 - Call the arrow scores.
 - Mark the arrow holes.
18. The blue stakes on an NFAA course are used by which of the following shooting divisions?
- Traditional
 - Cub
 - Youth
 - Barebow
19. On a FITA field course, the blue stakes are shot by all the groups below except:
- Cadet Barebow Division
 - Barebow Division
 - Cadet Recurve
 - Cadet Compound Divisions
20. On an NFAA Hunter round, the 11 yard target must be shot in which of the following sequences?
- Shooter's designated row, left to right or right to left, in order, one arrow in each target face.
 - Shooter's designated column, Top to bottom or bottom to top, in order, one arrow in each target face.
 - Any order, as long as a column and or row has one of the shooter's arrows in each target face in the row or column the shooter is assigned to shoot.
 - Each shooter picks their own row or column, and can shoot more than one arrow into any given target face in their row or column.

Source: *www.Archery.org, Book 4 FITA Constitution and Rules, Chapter 9, Field Archery, April 1, 2006.*

How did you Do? If you were correct on:

20-18 You are a Field Rules Guru

17-15 You are Very Knowledgeable!

14-12 Did you read all the questions thoroughly before answering?

11 or fewer, you might review the finer points of the rules.

Answers 1-c, 2-a, 3-c, 4-b, 5-b, 6-c, 7-d, 8-b, 9-c, 10-b, 11-b, 12-d, 13-a, 14-d, 15-e, 16-a, 17-d, 18-c, 19-a, 20-b